

IExpE Fulmination 2023

Ordnance Munitions & Explosives

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WSRF 0004: Environmentally Sustainable Disposal of Weapons, Ordnance, Munitions and Explosives

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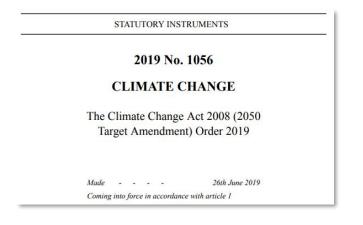
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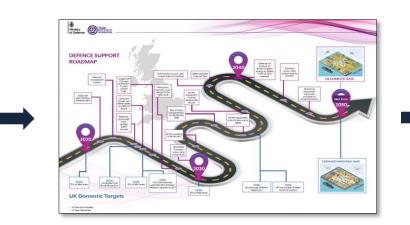
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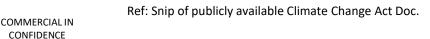
Introduction



- Worldwide more than 130 countries have committed to Net Zero Carbon Emissions by 2050 (NZ50).
- In 2019, the National Audit Office reported that the Ministry of Defence (MOD) emitted approximately two thirds of the UK Government's carbon emissions.
- The Roadmap for Sustainable Defence Support was published in August 2020.
- In March 2021, the UK Ministry of Defence (MOD) published its *Climate Change and Sustainability Strategic Approach*.







Ref: Snip of Roadmap from MOD Roadmap for Sustainable Defence Support Doc. Ministry of Defence Climate Change and Sustainability Strategic Approach



Ref: Snip of publicly available MOD climate change & sustainability strategic approach Doc.

Background



- The most common WOME disposal methods currently used in the UK include:
 - Open Burning/Open Detonation (OBOD) and cage burning.
 - 'AVOCET' incineration processes at MOD Shoeburyness.
 - Transporting overseas.
- These methods are not sustainable. They require high energy consumption or produce direct emissions to air.
- The defence community is recognising the important part decarbonising WOME disposal can play in helping the UK Government to achieve its NZ50 target.





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Project Overview

Economically viable Sustainable Disposal options for WOME.

The aim of the programme was to:

"investigate how the UK, and overseas (particularly NATO nations), can improve WOME disposal practices to help towards achieving Net Zero targets and demonstrate compliance with regulation".

WP2 Disposable

materials

assessment



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WP1 Literature

review

Literature Review & Disposal Materials Assessment Summary

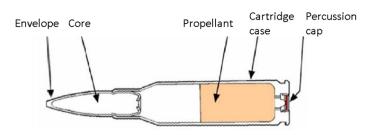


Figure 1. Schematic of a 7.62×51mm ball round. UK MOD. Ref: Defence Munitions Publication 14 - Small Arms Ammunition. s.l. : Defence General Munitions Project Team, 2016.

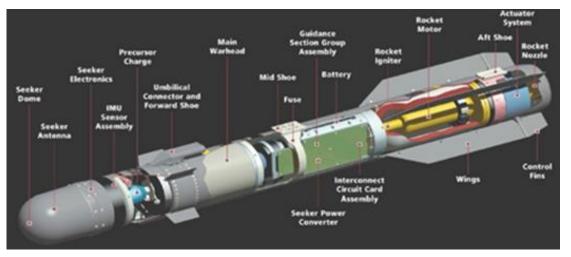


Figure 3. Publicly available schematic of the Brimstone 1 guided weapon. Ref: Think Defence. Complex Weapons Brimstone. Think Defence. [Online] 2021 <u>https://www.thinkdefence.co.uk/uk-complex-weapons/brimstone/</u>

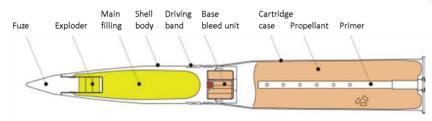


Figure 2. Schematic of a 4.5-inch Mk 8 IA HE round. Ref: UK MOD. Defence Munitions Publication 7 - Ammunition for the 4.5 inch MK 8 Gun. s.l. : Defence General Munitions Project Team, 2011.

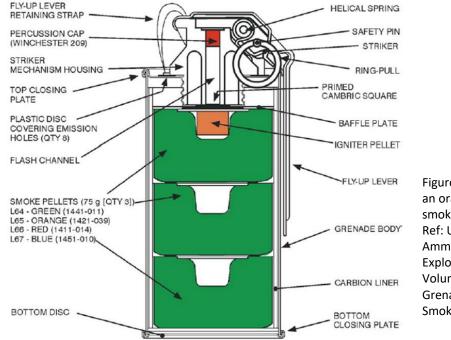




Figure 4. Schematic of an orange L65A1 signal smoke grenade. Ref: UK MOD. Ammunition and Explosive Regulations Volume 3 Part 11 Grenade Hand Signal Smoke. 1999.

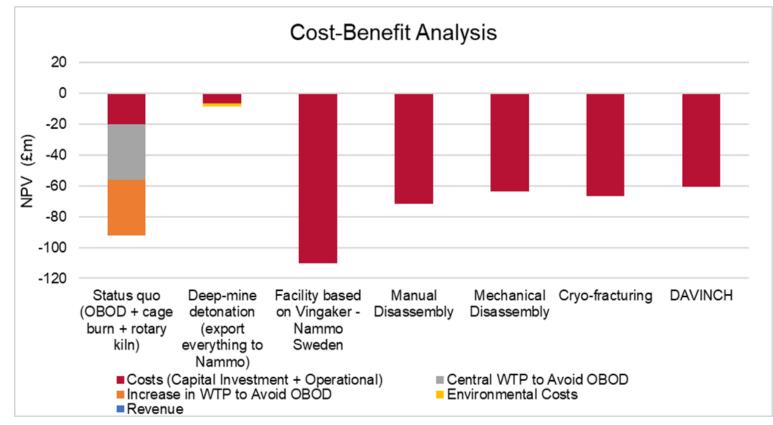
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Economic assessment





Recommendations for disposal options based on each exemplar:

- **SAA** Rotary Kiln ('AVOCET' or other types of Rotary Kiln).
- Gun ammunition (QF fixed) –
 Exporting to Nammo if transport route can be decarbonised.
- Pyrotechnic Exporting to Nammo if transport route can be decarbonised.
- Complex munition DAVINCH or exporting to Nammo if the transport route can be decarbonised, or build a facility in the UK similar to Nammo Vingäker site.

Notes:

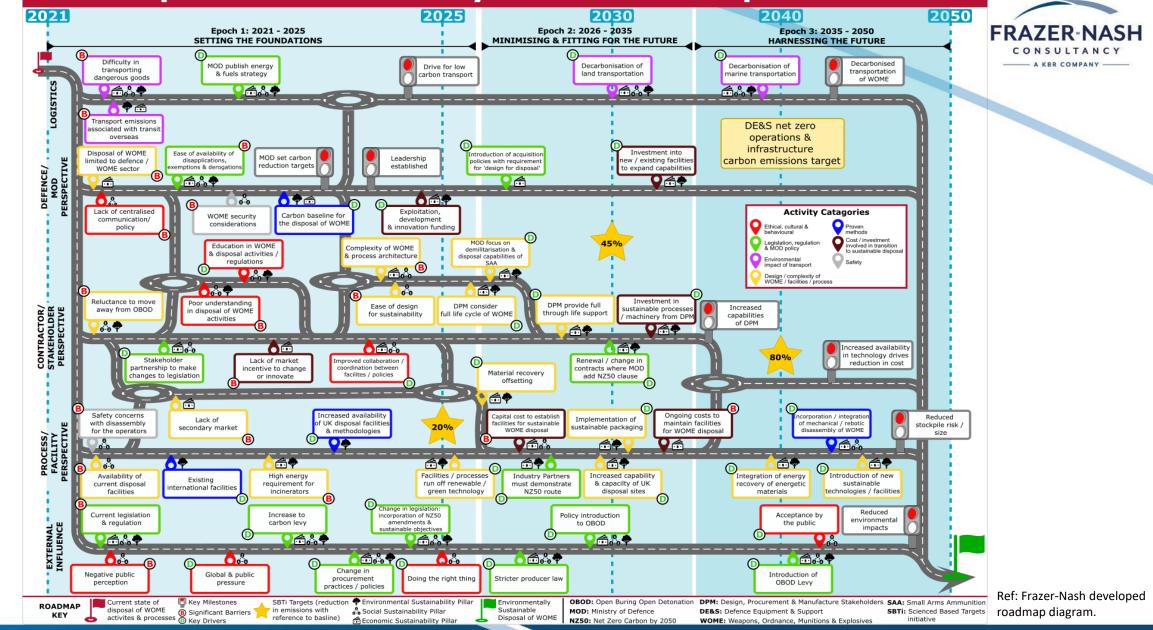
Not all methods are applicable to all exemplars

WTP = Willingness to Pay - the maximum price a customer is willing to pay for a product or service used for behavioural economics

OBOD = Open Burning Open Detonation

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Roadmap to Environmentally Sustainable Disposal of WOME



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Project Findings



- The roadmap demonstrates ways for WOME disposal to move towards NZ50 and a more sustainable, circular economy.
- UK environmental legislation change and updates to MOD Policy is the biggest driver to ensure the NZ50 target is met.
- A significant commitment and capital expenditure will be required to:
 - Increase the capabilities/capacity of facilities, or to build new facilities.
 - $\circ~$ Move away from the unsustainable status quo for WOME disposal.
 - Modify facilities, and transportation of WOME, to use more sustainable energy sources.

Recommendations



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